

## NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2018 Primary 4

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE PAPER 2

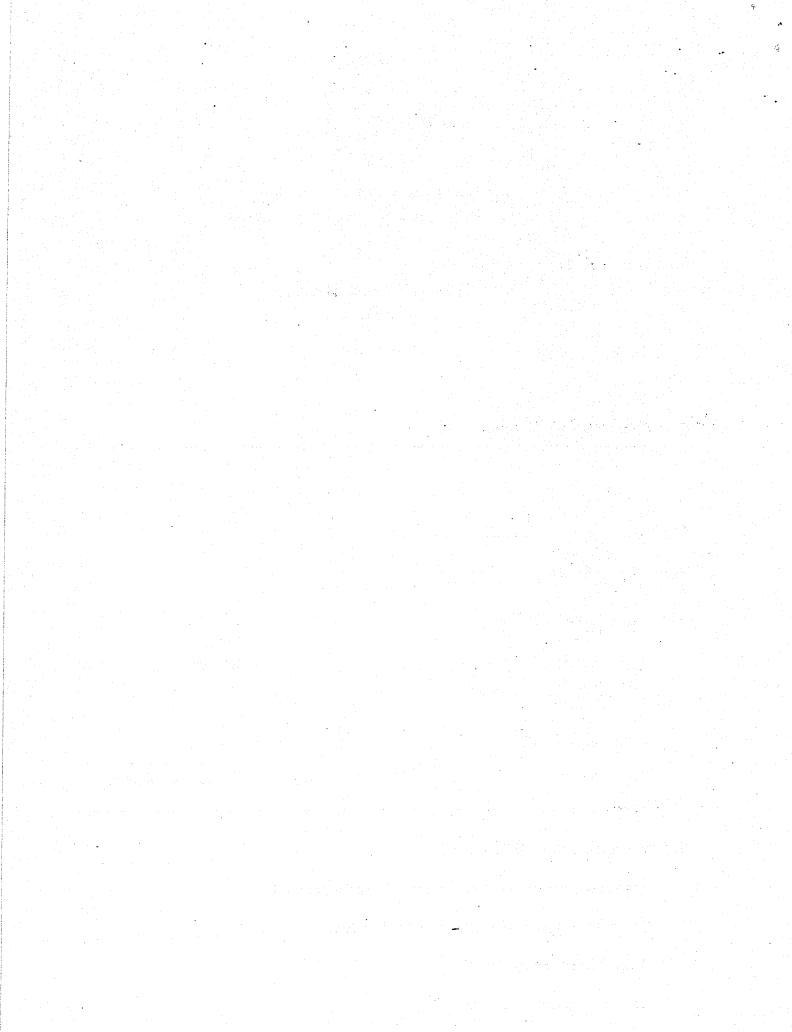
Total	Time: 1 hour 15 minutes		•		
Name	:	_ (			
Class	Primary 4				
Date:	29 October 2018	4 · · · ·	Total		
			Marks	<b>:</b>	/ 50
			<u></u>		<u> </u>
·			Pa	rent's <b>'S</b> lo	gnature
INSTR	RUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:				
1.	Write your name and register number in	the space provided.			
2.	Do not turn over the page until you are to	old to do so.			<b></b> -

3.

4.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions carefully.



SECTION A: VOCABULARY (6 X 1 mark)
Choose the most suitable answer and write the correct number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets provided below.

1.	The Oly	trained mpic Games.	very hard	and won a	gold meda	during	the re	cent
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	athletes journalists performers supporters						Y
2.		her has always been		over her	children. Sl	he make	es sure	no.
		n.comes to them.		<del></del>				, .,.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	strict protective observant understanding					C	)
3.	Mrs	Tan had to	to stop th	e boys from	their heated	argume	nt.	
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	step in step up step out step down					(	). :
4.		vinvited participants are nvited would have to wa			_ this buildi	ng. Thos	se who	are
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	adapt abuse access acquire					(	•
5.	Ever	yone in school know for his misbeh		n is always	getting in	to troub	le. He	is
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	innocent infamous indignant inquisitive						)
3.	The	presenter was	to hers	self and we o	ould not he	ar her cle	early.	
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	instructing murmuring threatening interrogating					(	)

SECTION B: GRAMMAR (8 X 1 mark)
Choose the most suitable answer and write the correct number (1, 2, 3 or 4) in the brackets provided below.

7.	My sister and I painted this drawing		
	(1) herself		
	(2) myself		:
	(3) ourselves	and the second of the second of the second	
	(4) themselves		)
8.	During the Children's Day celebration last thrilled by our teacher's performance		nd i
•	(1) is		
	(2) was		
	(3) are	1. 化二氯化物 医二氯化	
	(4) were	(*)	)
<b>3</b> .	The old man grateful when Jane he	ped to carry his bag.	
	(1) is		•
	(2) are		
	(3) was		
	(4) were		)
0.	"Father the stadium now," Shawn to	ld his mother.	
	(1) leave		
	(2) leaves		
	(3) left		
	(4) is leaving		)
1.	Last week, Anna a new car after sel	ling her old one.	
	(1) buy 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
	(2) buys		
	(3) bought		
	(4) was buying		)
2.	While I, I heard the doorbell ring.		
	(1) shower		
	(2) showered		
	(3) am showering		
	(4) was showering	and the second of the second o	· )
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

13.			_police men over there are trying to direct the traffic.	
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	That This Those These		
14.	l do no	ot like m	by soup to be salty. Please do not add too salt.	
	(2) (3)	few many little much		

### SECTION C: GRAMMAR CLOZE (PERSONAL PRONOUNS) (4 X 1 mark)

Read the following passage carefully. Choose the correct word from the words given in the box and write its letter (A to F) in each blank.

USE A WORD ONCE ONLY.		
(A) me	(B) I <sub>3</sub> , 244 4 1 1	(C) my
(D) her	(E) you	(F) he
Dear Weiming,		
It is the school holidays now.	How have (15)	been? I am looking
forward to a trip with (16)	parents. We are g	going to Japan soon!
My mother has plans to visit	her uncle in Tokyo. (17	7) has been
working in Tokyo for the past thre	e years. What would	you be doing this holiday?
(18) hope to hear fro	m you soon!	
Love,		
Jiahua		

SECTION D: GRAMMAR CLOZE (SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT) (4 X 1 mark)
Read the following passage carefully. <u>Underline</u> the correct word from the words given in the brackets.

Pet cats often have their owners to nurse them back to health. Stray cats (19) [is / are] not so lucky. However, these stray cats now have hope!

A community cat-based rescue and care group is set up to (20) [help/helps] care for sick strays. The group now (21) [has/have] more than thirty active volunteers. Volunteers clean the few (22) [ cage / cages ]. They also feed and provide clinical care for unwell cats.

(Adapted from: The Straits Times, 18 April 2018)

## SECTION E: EDITING (6 x 1) marks

chances of survival.

Each of the <u>underlined</u> words contains either a grammatical error or a spelling error. Put the correct word in each of the boxes.

	(23)	
can they stay off the dinner menu? Dec	orator crab is a type of crab th	at has <u>find</u> a cleve
	(24)	
solution. It "decorates" itself using se	aweed or sea sponges to g	lisguize itself from
predators.		
	(25)	
There are more than 100 specie	s of decorator crabs on the w	orld. One species.
normanhe called the language enides of	rah wayallu wah a wiana at a	
commonly called the longnose spider cr	Tab, usually grab a piece of se	eaweed and take a
(26)		
little bite. Sometimes they just ate the se	eaweed. Other times, they rea	ch for the seaweed
(27)		
and attech it to the small hooked hairs	on their back. These crabs of	hoose to decorate
a state and that has a	nomicals in it. Most fish find	l these chemicals
themselves with seaweed that has ch	jernicais ni it. Most iisii iirit	i mese chemicas
28)		
unappatising.		
		midae araba!
Picking the right decorating mate	enal is important to the longi	iose spider craus

(Adapted from: Highlights January 2017)

SECTION F: SYNTHESIS & TRANSFORMATION (2 X 1 mark)
For each of the items, rewrite the given sentences using the words provided. Your answer must be in one sentence. The meaning of each sentence must be the same as the given ones.

		t been to Th	ailand. J <b>an</b>	e nas not de	en to Thalland.	
Neither						
30.	The chocolat	e has expire	ed. Tom is e	eating the ch	ocolate.	
						y

### SECTION G: COMPREHENSION 1 (10 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions 31 to 39.

Braille is a system of touch reading and writing for blind persons. In braille, raised dots represent the letters of the alphabet. (See image below) Braille enables blind individuals to read and to pursue hobbies with materials such as music scores and board games.

Louise Braille was one of the few people who have changed the world in major ways. Born in 1809 in France, Louise was an only child with perfect eyesight. His father was a leathersmith and Louise enjoyed exploring in his workshop, imitating his dad. When he was three, Louise injured his eye when playing with a tool. Infection eventually blinded him in both eyes.

Although Louise's parents were not rich they were determined to provide their son with the same opportunities as other children. So, they sent him to school to learn. Louise had a good memory which helped him do well in school. At ten, he took up piano and organ studies. At thirteen, Louise was inspired to make changes to the way blind people used to read. After two years of hard work, he came up with a new system which required just a fingertip to 15 read.

Louise was forty-three when he passed away. One year later, France, adopted braille as its communication system for the blind.

Adapted from www.kidsdiscover.com

5

# BRAILLE ALPHABET

abcdefghijklm nopqrstuvwxyz

(A) (B)  32) According to the passage, list down two things the braille system has enabled individuals to do.  1)		Lou	ise enjoyed <u>expl</u>	oring in his work	shop, <u>imitating</u>	his dad.	<u>.</u>	
individuals to do.  1) 2)  33) Tick √ your chosen answer. According to the text, how did Louise hurt his eyes? (1m)  He fell.  He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  34) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive (1m)  (1) ten (11) ten (2) three			(A		(B)			
individuals to do.  1) 2)  33) Tick √ your chosen answer. According to the text, how did Louise hurt his eyes? (1m)  He fell.  He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  44) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  55) Louise grew up in a family that was								
2)  (3) Tick √ your chosen answer.  According to the text, how did Louise hurt his eyes? (1m)  He fell.  He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  (4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  (5) Louise grew up in a family that was	32)			sage, list down tv	vo things the bi	allie systen	n nas enable	ed t
2)  (3) Tick \( \forall \) your chosen answer.  According to the text, how did Louise hurt his eyes? (1m)  He fell.  He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  (4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive  (1)  (1) ten (1) ten (2) three		1)	Salara Taraharan Taraharan					
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He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  He played with tools.  4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the et (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was	3)				urt his suss 2 (			
He got into a car accident.  He played with tools.  4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was	:	Accor	aing to the text, i	now dia Louise n	uπ nis eyes? (1	im)		
He played with tools.  4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive (1)  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three			He fell.					
He played with tools.  4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the er (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive (1)  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three			—					
4) Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the en (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was			He got in	ito a <mark>car</mark> accident				
Which word from the second paragraph has the same meaning as "in the en (1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three					en e			
(1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was			He playe	d with tools.				
(1m)  5) Louise grew up in a family that was								
5) Louise grew up in a family that was (1m)  (1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three	4)		word from the	second paragra	ph has the sa	me meanin	g as "in the	er
(1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three								
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(1) rich (2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three								
(2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three	5)	Louise	grew up in a fan	nily that was		(1m)		
(2) poor (3) abusive ( )  6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was (1m) (1) ten (2) three	\$ * *	(1)	rich					
6) Louise took up piano and organ studies when he was  (1m)  (1) ten  (2) three		(2)		· ·			,	
(1m) (1) ten (2) three		(3)	abusive				( )	
(1m) (1) ten (2) three		•			···			
(1) ten (2) three		•						
(2) three	6)		took up piano a	and organ studies	when he was			<u>.</u> •
(3) thirteen ( )	6)	(1m)		and organ studies	when he was		······································	<u>.</u> *

(37) Louise was born blind. (1m)			
Circle the correct answer.	True / False		
(38) What helped Louise do well in school? (	1m)		
(39) Louise passed away before France communication system for the blind. (1m)		le system as	the official
Circle the correct answer.	True / False		

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### SECTION H: COMPREHENSION 2 (10 marks)

Read the following passage carefully and answer questions 40 to 46.

Alex and his mother lived in poverty. However, Alex's mother saved up to send him to school. When Alex turned fifteen, his mother said, "Son, it is time for you to learn to make a living for yourself. There is a rich merchant called John who lives in the next town. Ask him to lend you some money to start a business."

Alex set off immediately. When he arrived at John's house, Alex asked John if he could borrow some money. "Do you see that dead mouse on the floor? I will lend that to you," said John playfully. Thinking that it was impossible to turn a dead mouse into money, John burst into laughter as Alex took the mouse and left.

Along the way, Alex met a trader who was being clawed by his restless cat. He offered to give the dead mouse for the cat to play with. Grateful, the trader gave him handfuls of flour and a pitcher. Alex made bread with the flour and filled the pitcher with water. Then, he set himself up in a spot between the forest and the town gates. At the end of the day, hungry and thirsty woodcutters from his town came out of the forest and Alex offered them some bread and water. In return, each woodcutter gave him some money.

Alex bought more flour to make bread. He did this for many weeks until his purse was filled with money. He then bought and sold more types of goods.

Customers came from different parts of the world to buy his goods. With years of hard work, Alex became wealthy. Then, he got a jeweller to make a gold mouse and delivered it to John to repay what he had borrowed. John was surprised to see Alex and congratulated the boy who had once borrowed a dead mouse from him.

20

5

10

15

tanic one un	ing that Alex's mother asked him to do when he turned fifteen. (1m
Vhich word in	n paragraph two has the same meaning as 'without delay'? (1m)
in a second and the first	
iny ala John	break into laughter when Alex took the mouse? (2m)
low did Alex	make money from the flour that was given to him? (2m)
low did Alex	make money from the flour that was given to him? (2m)
low did Alex	make money from the flour that was given to him? (2m)
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	n the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurre
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurred.  Alex became wealthy.
/rite 1, 2, 3 ir	the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurred.  Alex became wealthy.  Alex started a business.
	the blanks below to indicate the order in which the events occurred.  Alex became wealthy.

45. Based on the passage, state whether each statement is true or false. Then give your reason. (2x1m)

Statement	True/False	Reason
(a) The dead mouse was not of any use to Alex.		
(b) Alex became rich by selling goods only to people from his town.		

46. How did Alex repay John for the dead mouse? (1m)							
		·		•	-		
					<del></del>		

End-of-Paper

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# **ANSWER KEY**

YEAR : 2018

LEVEL : PRIMARY 4

SCHOOL: NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

TERM : SA2

### **BOOKLET A**

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
1	2	1	3	2	2	3	4	3	4
Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14				<del>!</del>	<del>-                                    </del>	<u> </u>
3	4	3	4						

Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18
E	С	<b>F</b>	В

Q19	are	Q23	found	Q27	attach
Q20	help	Q24	disguise	Q28	unappetising
Q21	has	Q25	in		
Q22	cages	Q26	eat		

Q29 Neither Peter not Jane has been to Thailand.

Q30 The chocolate has expired yet Tom is eating it.

Q31 (B)

Q32 1) The braille system allows blind individuals to read.

- 2) The braille system allows blind individuals to pursue hobbies with materials.
- Q33 <u>/</u> He played with tools.

### Q34 eventually

Q35	2	Q37	False	Q39 True
Q36	1	Q38	his good	
			memory	

Q40 Alex's mother told Alex to learn to make a living for himself.

### Q41 immediately

Q42 John thought it was impossible to turn a dead mouse into money so he broke into laughter when Alex took the dead mouse.

Q43 Alex made bread and sold the bread to a few woodcutters and each woodcutter gave him some money.

Q44 3 Alex became wealthy.

2 Alex started a business.

1 Alex picked up a dead mouse.

### Q45

Statement	True/False	Reason
a) The dead mouse was not of any use to Alex	False	Alex traded the dead mouse for handfuls of flour and a pitcher.
b)Alex became rich by selling goods only to people from his town.	False	Customers came from different parts of the world to buy his goods.

Q46 Alex asked a jeweller to make a gold mouse and delivered it to John.